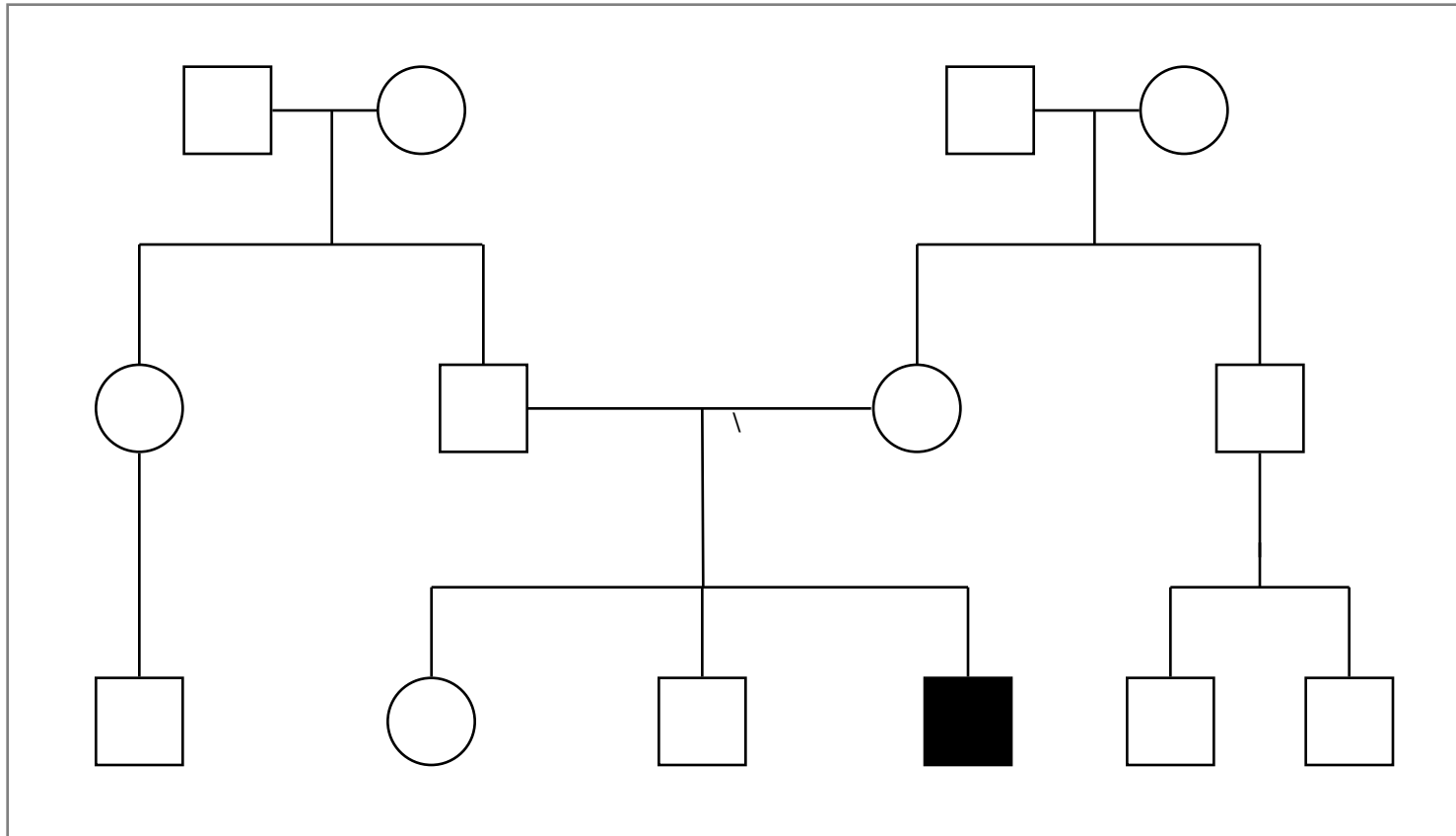


Case 1: Cleft Lip and Palate

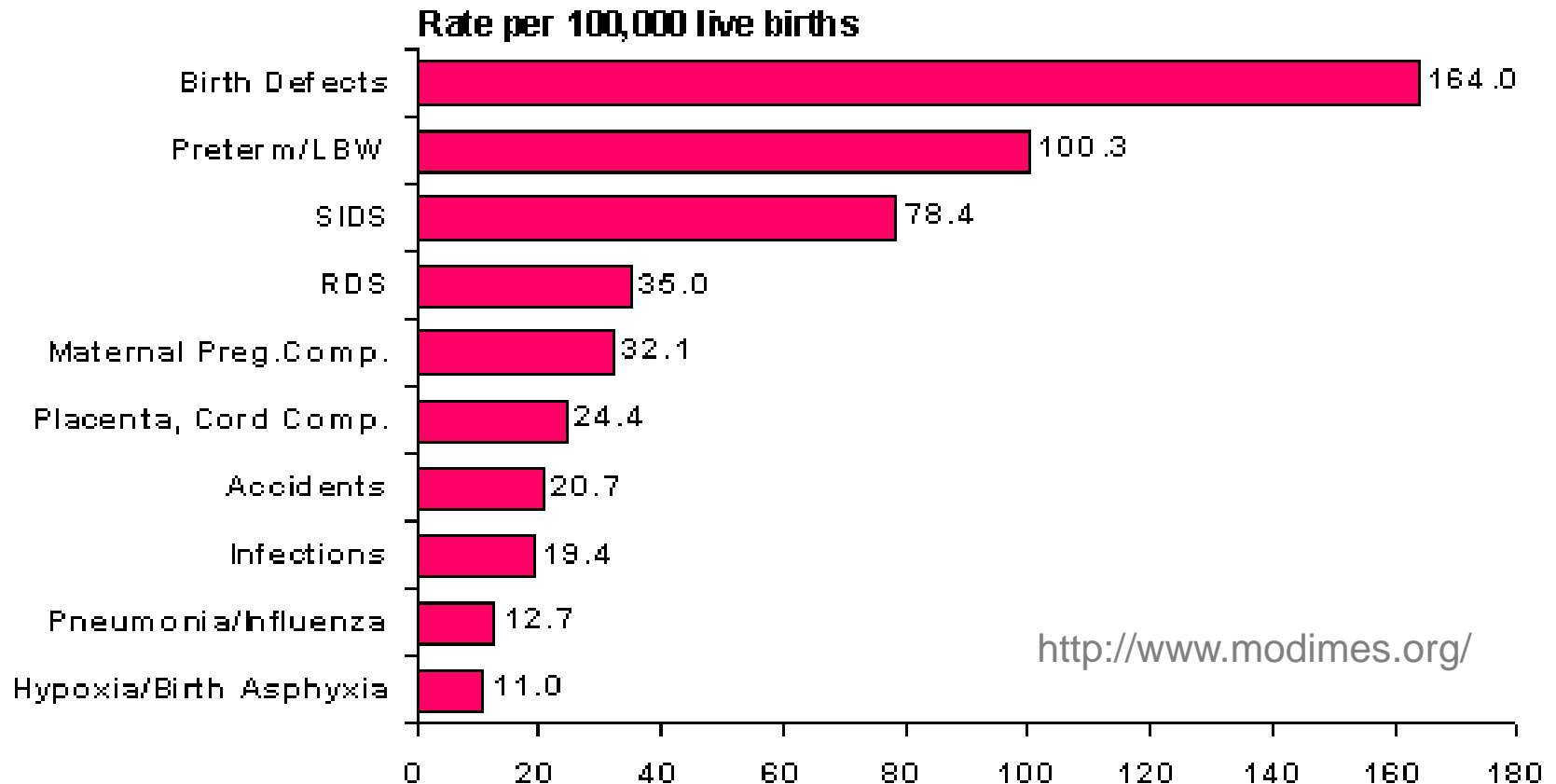


Case 1: Cleft Lip and Palate



www.widesmiles.org

Birth Defects

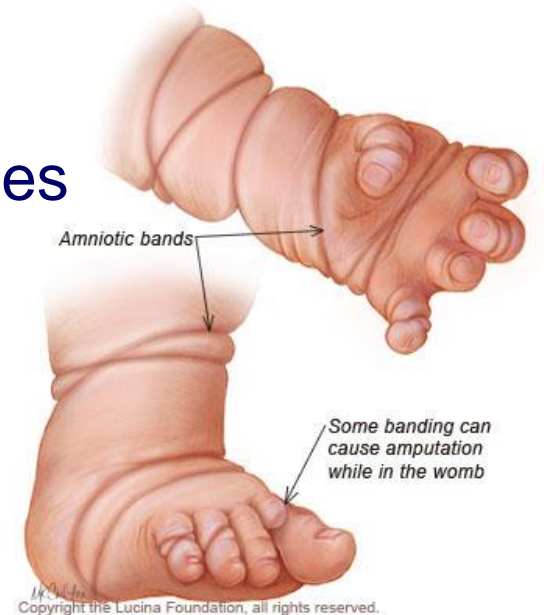


Birth Defects Classification

- **deformations** - mechanical distortion
 - e.g. positional talipes, plagiocephaly



- **disruption** - destruction of normal tissues
 - e.g. amniotic bands



Birth Defects Classification

- **malformation** - failure of embryonic processes
 - e.g. omphalocele, bladder extrophy
- **dysmorphism** - rare variants of development
 - e.g. upslanting palpebral fissures in caucasians

Causes of Birth Defects

- genetic

 - monogenic

 - chromosomal

- environmental

 - maternal infections

 - maternal illness

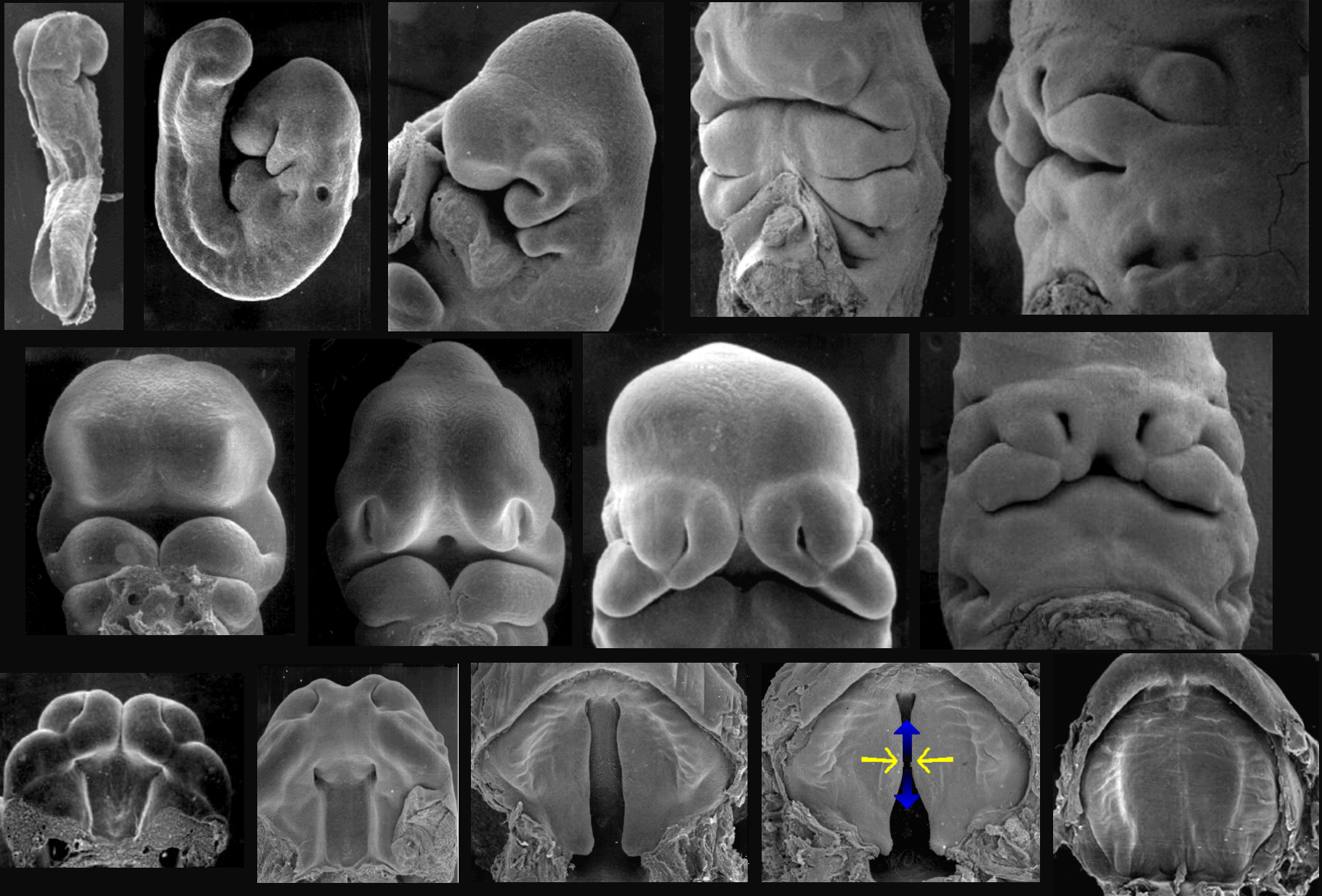
 - medications

 - substances

- unknown

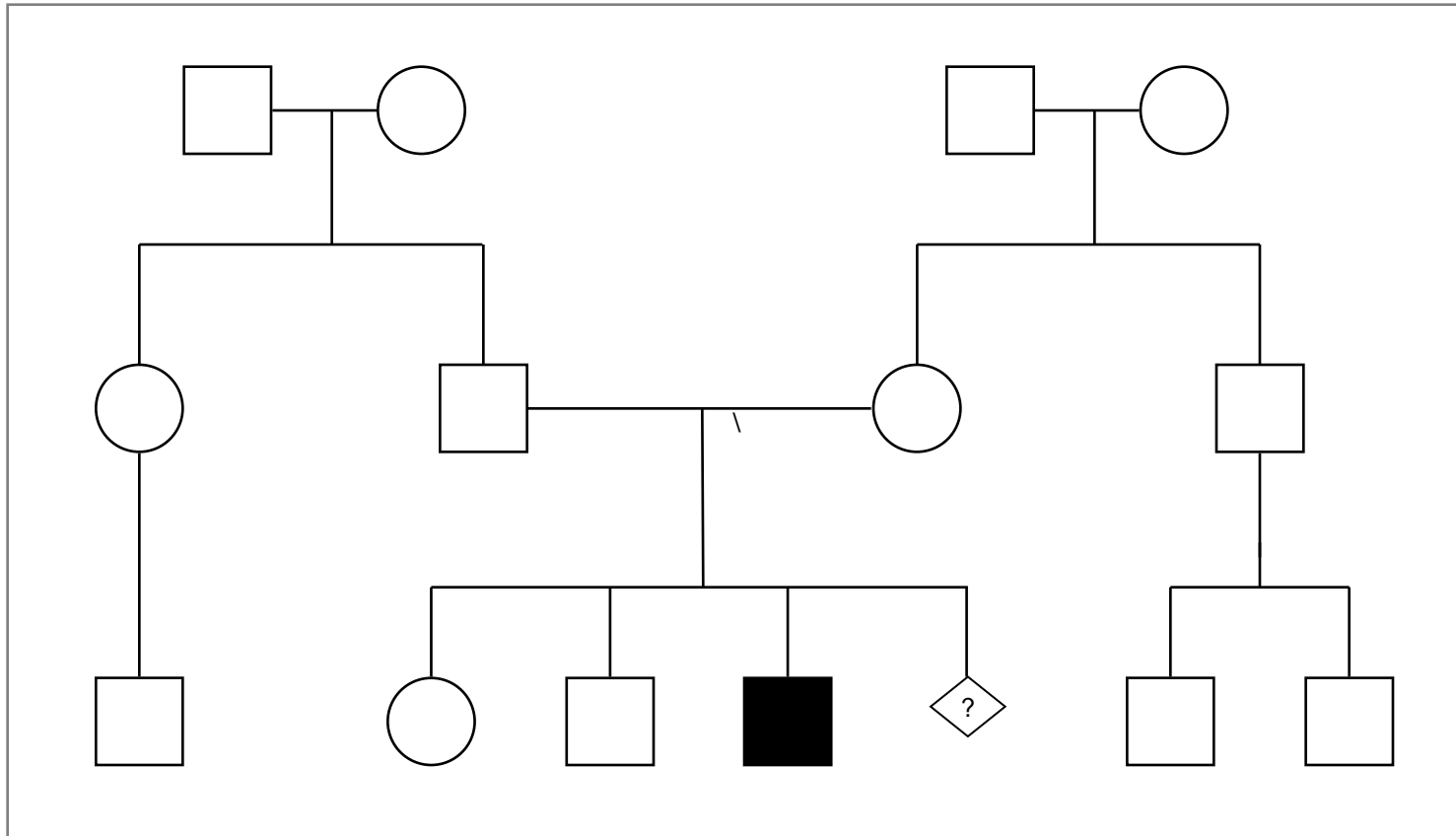
Cleft Lip: Clinical Features

- 1:1000 live births
- male > female
- left > right
- 1/3 bilateral
- 2/3 cleft palate
- 1/4 other birth defects



http://www.med.unc.edu/embryo_images

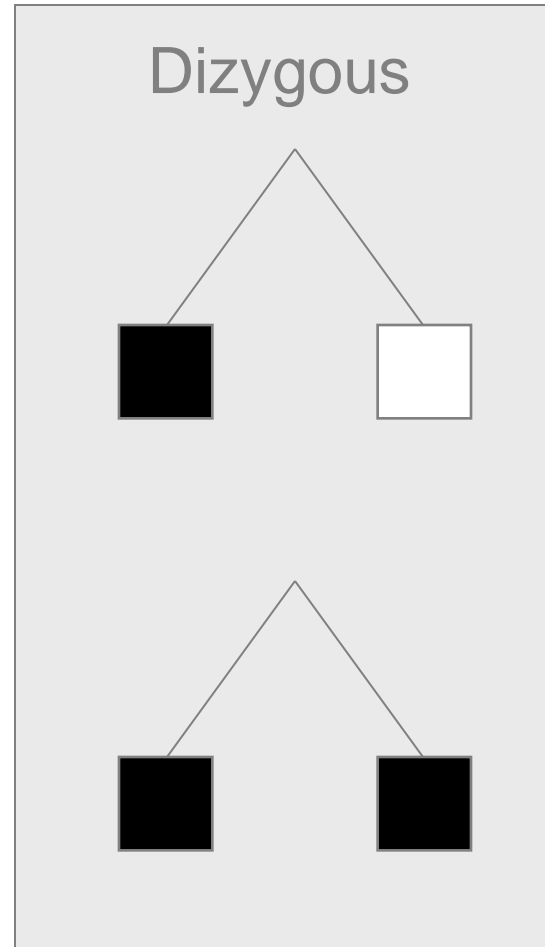
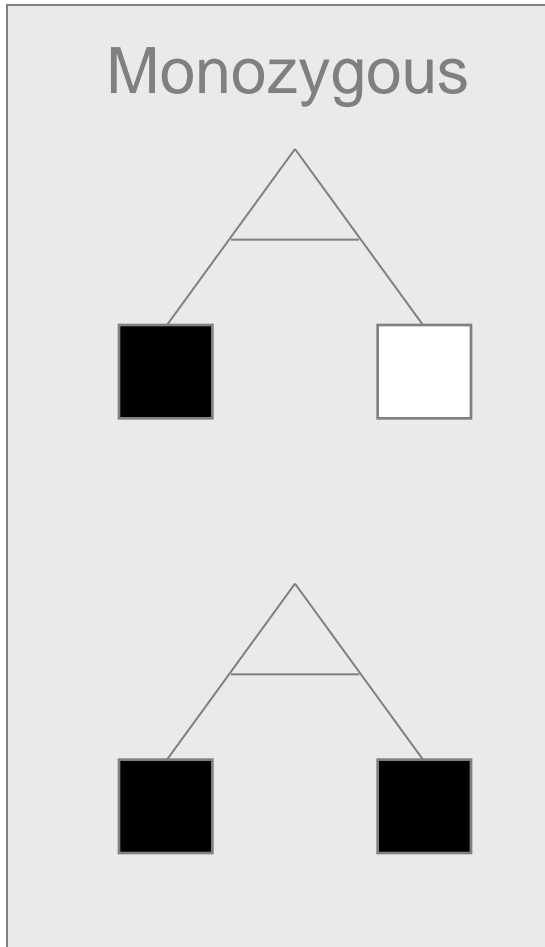
Case 1: Cleft Lip and Palate



Cleft Lip: Genetic Features

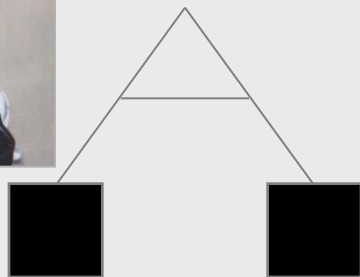
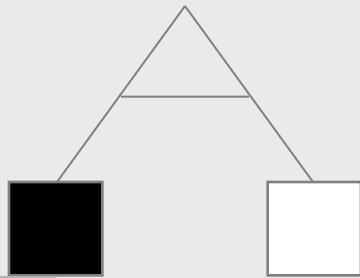
- sibling RR 2-4% ($\uparrow \sim 30X$)
- offspring RR same
- RR \uparrow if proband female
- RR \uparrow if severe defect in proband

Twin Studies



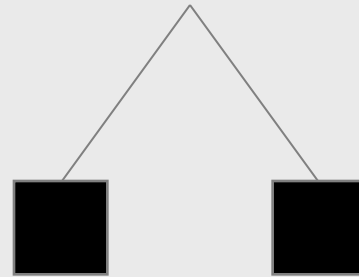
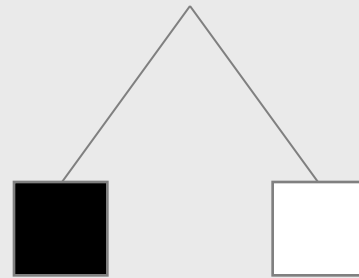
Twin Studies

Monozygous



38%

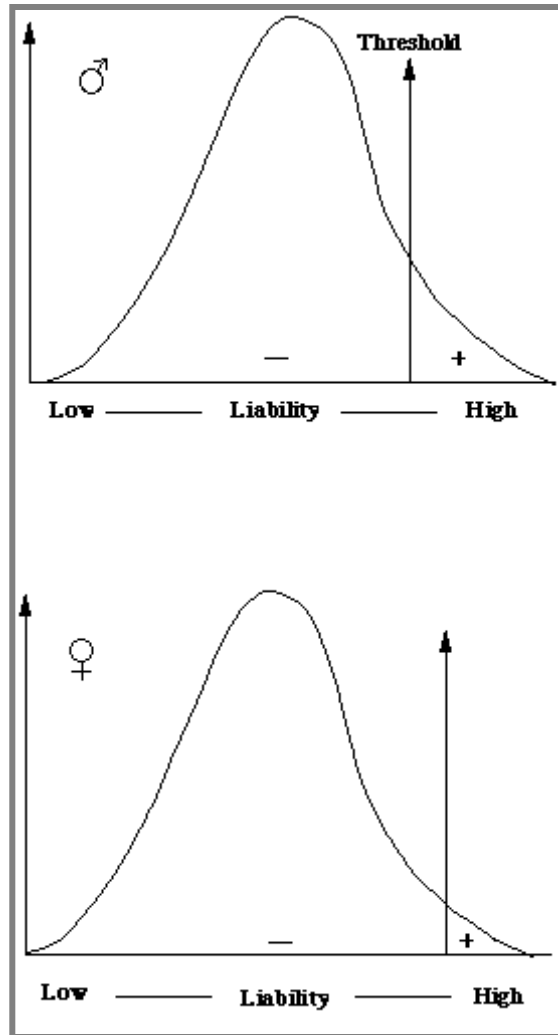
Dizygous



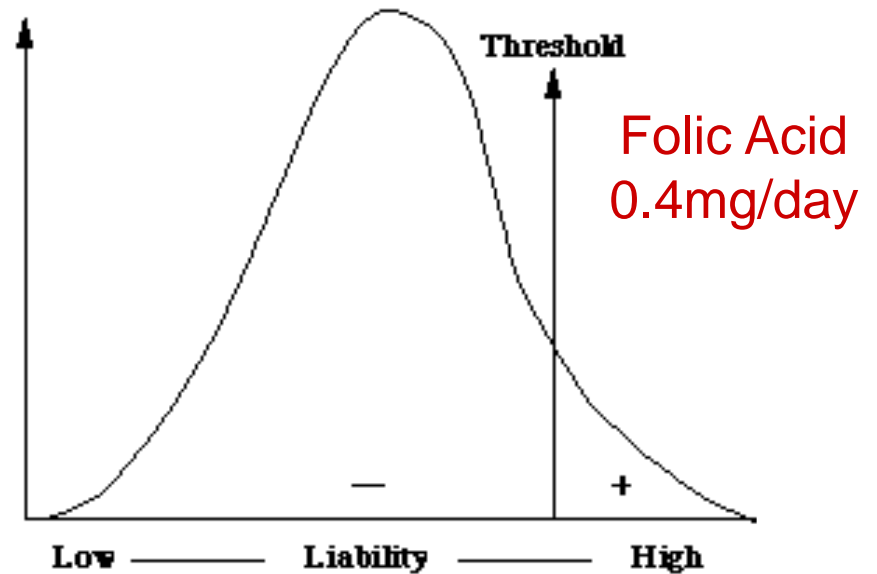
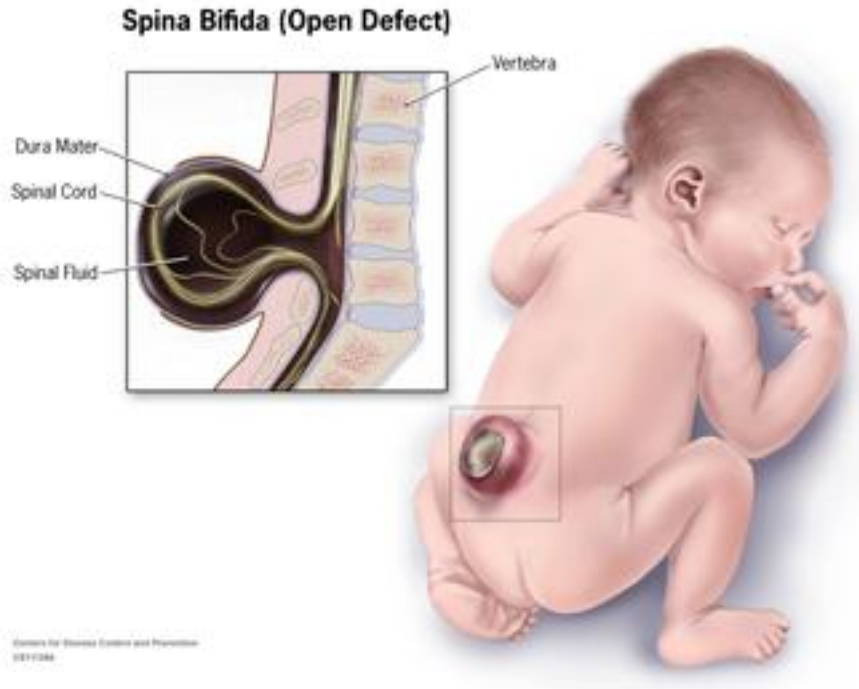
8%



Cleft Lip: Genetic Features



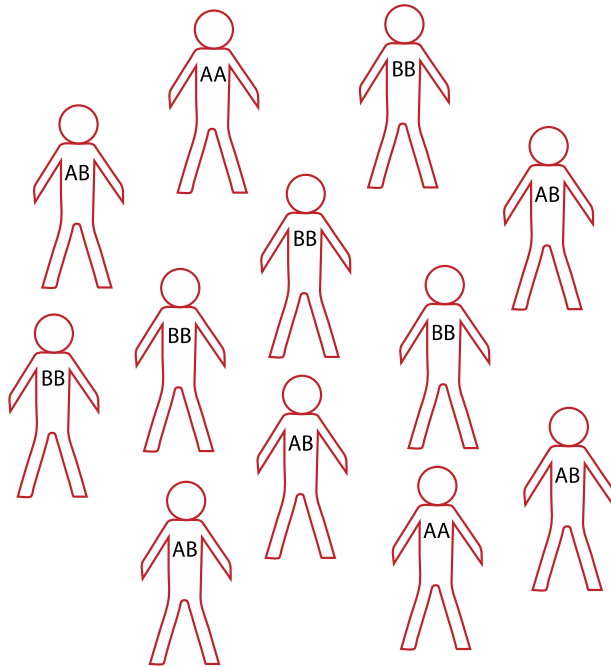
Primary Prevention



<http://www.cdc.gov/ncbddd/spinabifida/>

Genetic Association Studies

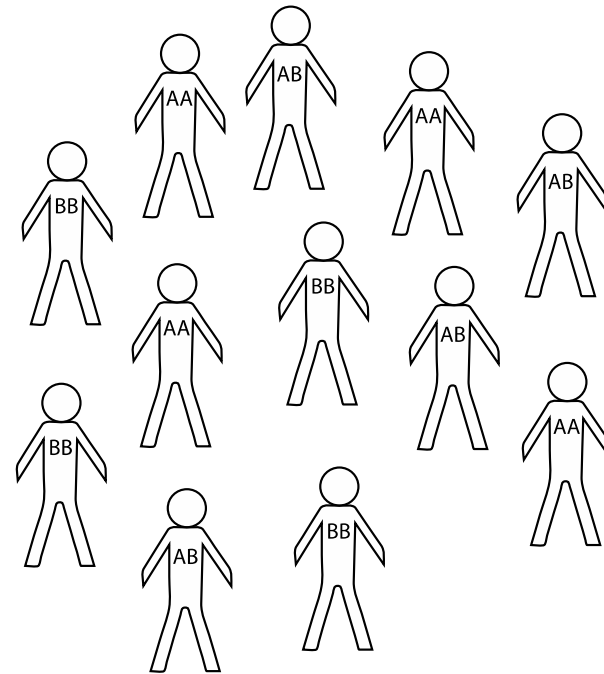
Cases



genotype: allele frequency

$B > A$

Controls



genotype: allele frequency

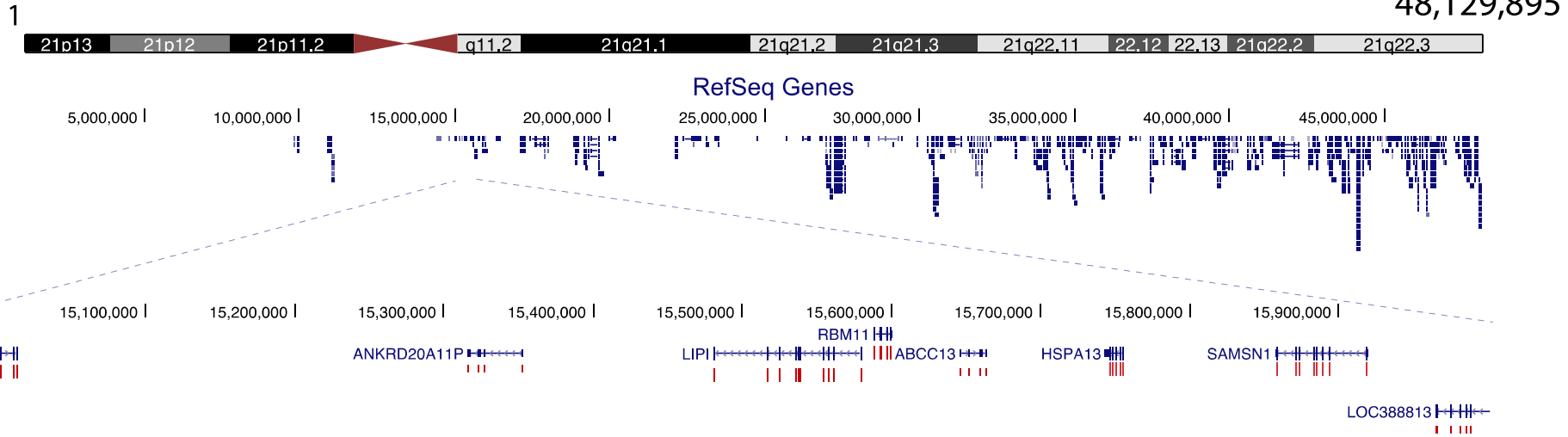
$A = B$

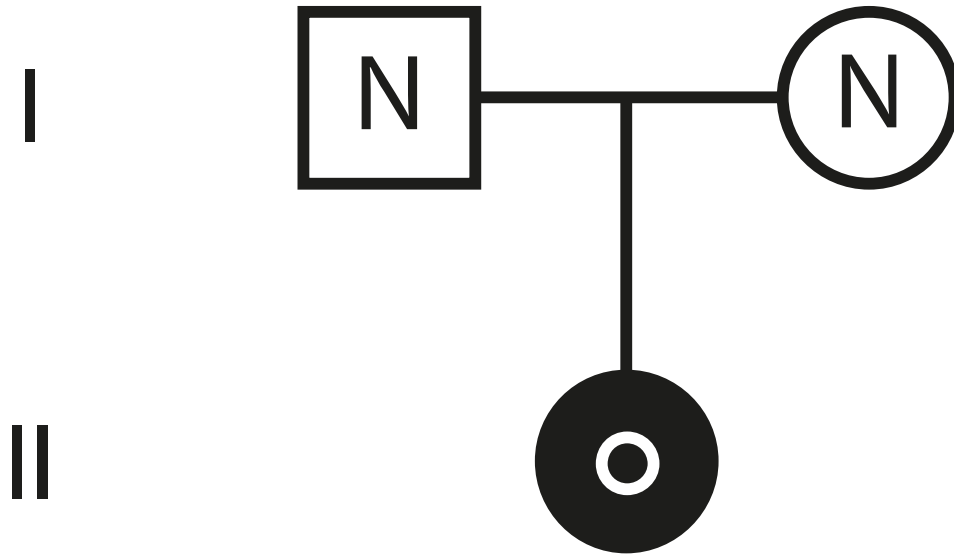
genetic of common disease

(complex genetic disease)

- familial clustering
 - non-mendelian
 - rare mendelian
 - syndromal
 - non-syndromal
- gene-environment interaction ++
- clinically useful genetic tests rare

Exome Sequencing vs Whole Genome Sequencing





70-120 *de novo* mutation in each individual
~1 *de novo* mutation in coding region

syndromal forms of clefts

van der Woude syndrome

IRF6 gene

Suspect a Syndrome if...

- birth defect associated with:
 - family history
 - craniofacial dysmorphisms
 - behavioral phenotype
 - growth disorder
 - learning disability

computer-aided diagnosis

- >2000 disorders
 - eponyms
 - acronyms
- computerised catalogue
 - photo library
 - clinical abstracts
 - reference list

unofficial learning objectives

- rare diseases are important
- find useful ways of medical thinking
- academic medicine should be the rule
- children's medicine is the most interesting!